AMERICAN ORGAN.

BLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON, (EXCEPT SUNDAY,) AT THE CORNER OF LOUISIANA AVENUE AND TENTE STREET, BY AN ASSOCIATION OF NATIVE AMERICANS JOSIAH MELVIN.

DAILY PAPER, 10 CENTS A WHEK, OR \$5 A YEAR WEEKLY PAPER, \$2 A YEAR,

ATES OF ADVERTIS insertion, 50 cents ; en insertion, 25 cents ;

The following preamble and resolutions

ed at a mass meeting of the citizens of Washington, on the 27th day of September last, present the general sentiments of the "American party" in this city, and will doubtless be read with interest by the friends of American principles throughout the country,

purposes, on see part or the reconservery of the Roman Catholic Church in the United aubversive of our republican institutions, constitute aggressions of such a character not now resisted, will lead, at no distant day verthrow of the American Constitution and plete establishment of despotism.

bed, That while, in the past political divisions country, as Whigs and Democrats, we have din honest conflict over contested principles assures, all of which are now settled, yet in constraint of danger to all that both parties are we will bury every remembrance of past on, and "pledge to each other our lives, our as, and our sacred honor" not to cease our exuntil our country shall be freed from the sthat new menace it.

nt have our hearty consent to go elsewhere suit of happiness.

J. That the fourth resolution of the meeting a Saloon, recommending to the President of d States proscription of all officers of the vernment who may have thought fit to be where of the association of Know Knothecommendation which, before its adoption, recognised and acted upon by the Executivities of the proposes an alarming and a infraction of the principles of self-governicalls for the prompt and decisive rebuke free citizens of these United States, without not barty, seek, or creed.

principle many American Catholics sincerely concur, while on the other hand, the Papal Church abroad openly, and always, and everywhere maintains the doctrine of obedience of the civil to the ecclesiastical authority, both in Europe and America; the sad and ruinous effects of which, in the one, are seen in countiess emigrants flying from its tyramy and misery to our own happy land, and in the other, in the ignorance and poverty of the masses, in the wealth and vices of the elergy, and in the ceaseless insurrections, massacres, and provorbal instability of our Southern sister Republics.

Reviced, That upon these principles we appeal from the opinions, whose proclamation has caused this meeting, to the people of the United States; and, although we might infer they are an exponent of executive feelings, from the official positions of those who controlled the proceedings, yet we will still hope that the President, who alone has the power, will surrest the proceription already begun of faithful office-holders, both Democrats and Whige, for daring to entertain American and Protestant sentiments, and will reject the mercenary suggestion urged upon him by the fourth resolution of the meeting last week, as a covert scheme to gratify the appetite of office-seckers at the expense of many who realously and efficiently sided in his elevation to power, and whose removal under existing circumstances will fix an indelible stain upon him as a man and as the President of the United States.

Revolved, That having seen the denunciations that almost daily issue from certain presses against the

removal under existing circumstances will fix an indelible stain upon him as a man and as the President of the United States.

Resolved, That having seen the denunciations that almost daily issue from certain presses against the "Insionists" of the North, who are denounced as absorbed in "the traitorous factions" which distract those States, by which they are one after another being placed in opposition to the administration, we were astonished to hear the pressing invition in the second resolution of our opponents to men of all political opinions, without regard to their "political antecedents," is form a "fusion" with them in their future action—an invitation broad enough to include Garrison, Abby Kelly, and Fred. Boughas, besides their coadjutors in the two houses of Congress.

Resolved, That we, too, appeal to all Americans who love the Union, which "must be preserved," and the constitution, which established and maintains it, and the rights of the States which compose it, and especially to the religious, the moral, and the order-foring classes, to unite with us in effecting the referrms necessary to the safety and prespectify of our country, believing, as we do, that it is high time the earser of interested and unserupulous demagogues should be checked, and the government he placed in the hands of men acquainted with its character and apirit, and who duly value its countless bleasings.

And whereas we believe in the competency, shifty, and right of American-born citizens to govern their own country: therefore

Resolved, That we will not vote for nor assist in elevating foreigners by hirth to offices of trust, emolument, or honor under our government; nor will we vote for or assist in elevating to such offices any American-born citizens who recognise or hold themselves under any allegiance whatever to any foreign prince, potentate, power, or authority.

Resolved, That we will not vote for nor assist in clevating foreigners by hirth to offices of trust, emolument, or honor under our government; nor will we v

SUITABLE for Presents.—At Lammond's, Sevanth street, can be found a large collection of Pancy Notions and Toys.

nov 12—co2t

WHO Wants a cheap Lot ?—For sale for \$250, a lot containing 1,175 aquare feet, situated on New York avenue, between 4th and 5th sta.

J. F. HODGSON, No. 405, 7th street, bet. H and L

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY AFTERNOON, NOVEMBER 25, 1854.

"AMERICAN ORGAN,"

A Daily and Weekly Paper, to be published in Wash-ington City, D. C., by AN ASSOCIATION OF NATIVE AMERICANS.

bringing or of pairs, but in along a pairs, and a pairs, a National Bank, formerly an easential point of difference between rival parties, has now no advocates. A Protective Tariff for the sake of protection, which once divided parties and distracted our National Councils, has become obsolete, as a question of party policy, simply because a "recense tariff" affords incidental protection to American Manufactures. A modification of the details of our present tariff system is all that is demanded by the most stremuous advocates of protection to American Industry.

The distribution of the proceeds of the public lands.

mation, assimilate mease two parties, which, for years past, have battled, with alternate success, for political supremacy.

A new ora is at hand—an era which will be characterized, in the future history of these States, as the zea of paramorism? Throughout the length and breadth of this great and glorious Union, the masses of the American people have spontaneously and simultaneously started the inquiry—"Arx not Arxicaxas Capable of overnamen in the thousands of associations apringing up in all portions of the United States, and resting ou the single basis, that the native bara citizens of this Union have the capacity and the will to administer their own Government, to protect the rights which they have inherited, and to perpetuate the freedom and independence of their native land!

Shall we trace the causes of our countrymen? The evils incident to the indiscriminate immigration of foreigners into our country—the consequences of permitting such immigrants to enjoy the right of suffrage—and the degrading effect of elevating foreigners to posts of honor and trust under our government; all these have been seen and known to our people for years pass, and yet until now, with few exceptions, the American people have seemed to be

permitting such immigrants to enjoy the right of suffrage—and the degrading effect of elevating foreigners to posts of honor and trust under our government; all these have been seen and known to our people for years past, and yet will now, with few exceptions, the American people have seemed to be blind to the progress of foreignism in the land. We need not, on the occasion of presenting this circular prospectus to the country, assign the causes for this sudden and general manifestation of the purpose of the American people to take the reins of government into their own hands; it is sufficient for the object we have now in view to state the undeniable and obvious fact that such purpose exists.

We now come forward to present to our fellow-citizens the mode and means of concentrating the opinions and of barmonizing the action of those who are disposed to unite in the formation of an "American party," whose purpose shall be to find a remedy for the manifold evils which have come upon us, and which are yearly increasing under the diseastrous operation of our laws of naturalization! We propose to establish, in conformity with the wishes of thousands of the citizons of this District, and of a large number of our friends in the different States, a daily and weekly paper, to be called

THE AMERICAN ORGAN.

The publication will commence on the 18th day of November daily, and on the 20th weekly.

THE AMERICAN ORGAN.

The publication will commence on the 18th day of November daily, and on the 20th weekly.

A cosh capital, amply sufficient to commence and to continue the enterprise, has been subscribed and secured to be advanced by a number of wealthy and influential gentlemen; and we are insured a daily circulation surpassing that of any paper now published in Washington city. The number of our weekly aubscribers will depend upon the enthusiasm of our friends in the several States, but we have such assurances that we cannot doubt we shall commence with many thousands; and that a year will not transpire before our weekly list will be swelled to more than one headerd thousand.

Our position at the seat of the federal government, the centre of our political system, where all the representatives of the States, and of the people annually assemble, and where prominent men of all parties vericulately solvent for many months, is considered

sesemble, and where prominent men of all parties periodically sojours for many months, is considered by us, and by our friends, as the most favorable one for the publication of the organ of the most untiring devotion to the advocacy of the doctrines and policy of this party shall give us a claim to its support, we know we shall deserve, and we trust we shall receive it.

We cannot perhaps more distinctly and concisely define the basis on which the American Organ is astabilished than by presenting the following extraot, which we copy and adopt from an address of a former President of the Missouri Native American Association, and published at St. Louis in February, 1841, to wit:

which we copy and adopt from an address of a former President of the Missouri Native American Association, and published at St. Louis in February, 1841, to wit:

"THE PERPETCATION OF AMERICAN PREEDON IS OUR OBJECT, AMERICAN RIGHTS OUR NOTTO, AND THE AMERICAN PART OUR CONNERS."

Our position is thus defined. We shall advocate such measures as will in our judgment, if carried out, perpetuate our freedom and protect our native rights; nor shall we at any time deviate from the path of duty as the organ of the American party, and the advocate of American rights.

We shall neither sustain nor oppose any political measures on the ground that they emanate from a Democratic or from a Whig administration; but we shall declaus all political questions with the most perfect freedom from favor or prejudice, toward the present or any future administration. Keeping always in view the principles and purposes of the American party, we shall battle for those principles and purposes, while as an independent journal, we shall approve what we think is right and condemn what we think is wrong in the principles of all public men and of all political parties. The editor of the American Organ, the tendency of which would be to prejudice the rights or wound the feelings of the citizens of any of the States. So far as the influence of this paper shall extend, the sounding the feelings of the citizens of any of the States, shall be maintained. We hold that the institution of slavery belongs exclusively to those States in choich & exists. Each of the States, we shall be maintained. We hold that the institution of slavery belongs exclusively to those States in choich & exists. Each of the States, on itself, has the sole and exclusive right to determine whether or not along which would be to prejudice the rights of conceivery while would be maintained. We hold that the institution of slavery belongs exclusively to those States in choich it exists. Each of the States, on itself, has the sole and exclusive right to determine whether or not alon

To Furnish a House Complete,

CALL at DONN, BRO. & Co.'s Ninth
street, fire doors north of Clagett & Co., Nos.
492, 494, and 496, where will be found in our four
large asles rooms, the most various anc complete
stock af Housekeeping Goods in the United States, in
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everything that is new and convenient. Housekeep
everything that is new and convenient.

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Extension and plain Tables, Sideboards, Chairs, &c.
CHAMBER SETS.
Painted or imitation, of the various woods—walnut, mahogany, and cherry, in sets or detached pieces, Beds; Mattresses, of hair, cotton, and shuck; Pillows and Bolsters; Festhers in sucks.
PLATED GOODS ON ALBATA.
Spoons, Forks, Ladles, Baskets, Castors, Waiters, Tea Sets, &c.
FRENCH AND ENGLISH CHINA.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH CHINA,

PRENCH AND Chamber sets, or makes in fancy G. B. or white.
Edwards's white Stone Ware, in sets or detached.
Class Ware, pressed and cut, a full assortment.

The sets of the s to a well furnished kitchen (the foundation of good housekeeping) may be hen to no ur store, &c.

Call and see our stock, and get a catalogue, and it will assist new house housekeepers in selecting what is necessary for making their homes comfortable. Remember the stores No. 492, 494, and 498 Ninth street, five doors north of Pennsylvania avenue.

nov 18—lmeodif

A General Agency.
WILLIAM T. SMITHSON & CO.,

WILLI give perticular and prompt attention to claims against the Departments of the Government and Congress.

We will also attend to the purchase and sale of Real Estate, the renting of Houses, and the collection of rents, the location of Land Warrauts and Scrip, and all other business appertaining to that of General Agents.

and all other business apperuning to Agents.

We have obtained the services of French S. Evans, as adviser, who was many years a clerk in the Pension Office, and who has also been connected with other branches of the government.

We will give the highest cash prices for Land Warrants and Virginia Sorip.

We have for sale, on liberal terms, 25 building lots, each 125 feet deep, and 30 feet front, situated on B and C streets, between Ninth and Tenth streets, east

We have for sale, our local case of the case 125 feet deep, and 20 feet front, situated on B and C streets, between Ninth and Tenth streets, east of the Capitol.

These lots are very valuable, and, from the rapid improvements going forward on Capitol Hill, and the increase of population just in this neighborhood, they must become more and more valuable every year. Young men with small means would do well to invest their money in the purchase of these lots.

We also have for sale some very valuable property building lots in Chicago, Illinois, which we will sell to great advantage to the purchaser.

This property will doubtless make to the purchaser one hundred per cent upon the amount invested, in the course of two years.

Also, 1,000 acres of fine land in Illinois, lying within 38 miles of St. Louis.

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Hon. Paulus Powell,
Hon. Thos. S. Bosock.
nov 18—1m

AGENCY AT WASHINGTON.

AGENCY AT WASHINGTON.

TO CLAIMANTS.—FRANCIS A. DICKINS

continues to undertake the agency of claims before Congress and other branches of the government,
including commissioners under treaties, and the various public offices. He will attend to pre-emption
and other land claims, the procuring of patents for
the public lands, and the confirmation by Congress
of grants and claims to lands; claims for property
lost in or taken for the service of the United States;
property destroyed by the Indians, or while in the
possession of the United States; invalid, revelutionary, navy, widows, and half-pay pensions;
claims for revolutionary services, whether for commutation, half-pay, or bounty lands, as well those
against the State of Virginia as against the United
States; all claims growing out of contracts with the
government, for damages sustained in consequence
of the action or connect of the convergence in and ingovernment, for damages sustained in consequence of the action or conduct of the government; and, indeed, any business before Congress or the public offices which may require the aid of an agent or attorney. His charges will be moderate, and depending upon the amount of the claim and the extent of the service.

Mr. F. A. Dickris is known to most of those who have been in Congress within the last few years, or who have occupied any public attention at Washing-

ton.

His office is on Fifteenth street, opposite to the Trosaury Department, and next to the Bank of the Metropolis.

All letters must be post paid.

nov 13—y HARDWARE CUTLERY, ETC.

HE subscribers would call the attention of purchasers to their large and well-selected stock of goods, which are offered on as good terms as they can be had this side of the manufactories.

Locks, Hinges, Bolts, Screws, direct from the factories. Locks with mineral, porcelain, silvered, glass, and

Locks with misses, from 1 to 6 by 6 inches. Butt Hinges, all sizes, from 1 to 6 by 6 inches. Brass Butt Hinges for house and ship use. Silver-plated Hinges for parlor doors. Plant's and Parker's patent Shutter Hinges. Silver-plated and porcelain Bell Pulls.

Plant's and I am or celain Bell Pulls. Silver-plated and porcelain Bell Pulls. Vestibule and hall Door Locks, very superior. Vestibule and hall Door Locks, very superior. Vestibule and hall Door Locks, very superior.
Rim, mortise, closet, cupboard, chest, till and pad
Locks, in endloss variety.
Boits for folding doors, 6 to 42 inches long.
Sliding door Sheaves and Rail.
Axie Sash Pulleys, Sash Cord, and Weights.
Shutter and Sash Fastners, brass and plated, with
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Carponter's Tools, a good assortment.
Our stock of table and pocket Cutlery is very complete; consisting of ivory, buck, hone, cocca, and ebony handle Knives and Forks, Carvers, Cooks, and
Butchers.
Rogar's Wostenbelter's states.

plete; consisting of vory, buck, bone, cocoa, and ebony handle Knives and Forks, Carvers, Cooks, and Butchers.

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An entirely new article of enamelled handle table Knives, superior to ivory.

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House Furnishing Goods, such as Shovels and Tongs, Pokers, Coal Hods, Kettles, Pots, Ovens, Skillets, Gridirons, &c.

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Plain, fancy, and enameled Canvass, for carriage Covers and Curtains.

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Morticing and boring Machines.

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Grindstones and Fixtures.

Also, a fine assortment of hair Brooms and Brushes.

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D General Machinista, corner of Virginia avenue

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No. 494 Washington Place, Seventh street, invites his friends and the public to examine his large
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nov 18

Measurer of Buildings W. G. DEALE offers his services to builders and there as Measurer of all work connected with the rection of buildings. All orders left at the corner f Seventh and D streets, No. 526, second story, will promptly attended to.

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The Better Land, or The Believers Journey and Future Home; by Thompson.

Cases of Conscience, by Pike and Hayward. This is a most searching, instructive, and entertaining book.

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usetts., a book for boys; by Simonds. Precious Lessons from the Lips of Jesus. Lovest thou Me? Both books by the Rev. Daniel

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No. 498 Seventh street.

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UROSCOPIAN PHYSICIAMS.

L'ERY description of Diseases speedily, removed.—New remedies, low charges, and rapid cures. Doctors BROTHERS & GRAY perform extraordinary cures in from three to five days. We cure old, half-treated, lingering cases in two to three weeks: such as have been under the treatment of those boasting advertisers from eight to ten months, who pretend to cure in twelve to thirty-six hours. We have patients of this kind daily, who have paid enormous fees, and without relief; and had their constitutions injured by the effects of mercury.

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Secret habits in young men effectually cured. Impediments to marriage, in both sexes removed, and debilitated systems invigorated.

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Patients treated by lotter, and medicines sent, free from damage or curiosity, to all parts of the world. Cures warranted.

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E. WATERS & CO., dealers in Lehigh, Schuylkill, Red and White Ash, Cumberland er Bituminous, and Transition

COALS;

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Fuel delivered promptly to any part of the city by honeat and careful cartmen, and full weight and measure may be relied upon.

Office northwest corner of Twelfth and C streets.

J. T. NEAL, on Seventh Street, opposite Centre Market, keeps constantly on hand, for wholesale and retail, WINES AND LIQUORS

Of all kinds, SEGARS, &c. nov 18-4f

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Great Reduction in Prices I

THE subscriber, during this week, presents large inducements to families and others, in the purchase of DEY GOODS, which he offers for sale at exceedingly low rates, as on Monday next he will arrove to his new, elegant, and commodious store.

core, CORNER OF I AND SEVENTH STREET, where he will open an entirely fresh assortment Dry Goods of the best description.

All accounts rendered, up to the present time, tundersigned will esteem a special favor to obtain settlement.

E. S. TATE, nov 13

225 Pennsylvania avenue

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BUTT stiends to all kinds of Jobbing and Repairing in the line of Joiner and Carpenter.
Shop corner of D and 13th streets; residence, No. 621, West 12th street, above Pennsylvania avenue. JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE

an assortment of the celebrated Graefenberg [edicines. S. R. SYLVESTER, Druggist, &c., corner 11th street and Pa. av. nov 14

nov 14

COAL! COAL! WOOD!! WOOD!!

IJOW'S YOUR TIME! Come one Come
all!—Extra lump Cumberland Coal, for sale
by WORTHINGTON & KEYS, corner of Fourteenth
and C streets, near Canal.

Also, the best article of red and white ash Anthraccite Coal, for grate, stove, furnace, and range purposea; and last, but not least, we have hickory, oak, and
pine Wood, of superior quality.

All of which we purpose to sell low for cash, our
motte being quick sales and small profits, short credits and long friends.

nov 14—co2m

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MISLAID OR LOST,

On or before the 6th instant, a Note drawn by Hanson Brown, payable to John B. Killmon, or order, for one hundred dollars, at four months from date, (October 18th, 1854), endorsed by John B. Killmon, B. M. A. Fenwick, and D. Westerfield. All persons are cautioned not to negotiate for said note, as payment has been stopped.

Westrone, W. STONE,

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PLUMB'S DAGUERREAN ROOMS,

PLUMB'S DAGUERREAN ROOMS,
Over Todd's Hat Store, Penn. avenue.

THE Pictures taken at this establishment cannot possibly be excelled, as the apparatus and chemicals used are of the best description; consequently, a bad picture is an impossibility. Visiters will find every precaution taken for their comfort, and the charges, which are low, vary in proportion to the style. The rooms are beautifully fitted up, and contain portraits of hundreds of celebrated public characters, and are always open for the examination of visiters.

Nov 18—18

THE ladies will find it to their advantage to call and examine my assortment of winter Bonnets before they purchase, as I am determined to sell at the lowest prices, and I know that for taste, style, or price, they will compare with any in the District. Just call, if you don't buy.

Also a select assortment of Millinery Goods, Hosiery, Gloves, Perfumery, Combs, Brushes, &c.

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THECKER & SANDUSKY are now prepared to furnish to order all the delicacies of the season, such as—
OYSTERS, GAME, FISH, &c., and would respectfully solicit the patronage of their friends, and the public generally.

Their BAR is at all times supplied with the choicest liquera, wines, &c.

No. 16—1w*

No. 405, Seventh street, between H and I.—
The public are respectfully informed that the subscriber has on hand a full assertment of Stoves, Tin-ware,
Japan-ware, and fancy articles pertaining to his line
of business. He requests the citizens of the Northern
Liberties to give him a call, and to examine his stock,
believing that, if they shall do so, they will not go
obsewhere to make their purchases.

Repairing, in his branch of business, neatly and
promptly attended to,
nov 13—1m

J. F. HODGSON.

Arrivals at the principal Hotels, Friday.

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F. Cummins, Md.; J. Merry, N. Y.; T. Pescock, Va.; G. K. Cabell, Va.; G. M. Hutton, Cal.; G. M. Harrison, Pa.; J. H. Gager and lady, N. Y.; H. A. Tucker, S. C.; Miss E. Richmond, S. C.; J. Cummes and lady, Md.; Mrs. E. Ross, N. Y.; F. Zimmerman, Md.; O. King, Md.; J. B. Dedham, O.; B. M. Spence and lady, N. Y.; O. Robins and family, N. Y.; Mrs. E. Walford, Europe; C. W. Hester, Md.; N. W. Littel, Md.; M. Somerville and lady, Md.; Miss Weems, Md.; R. Stanforth, Md.; G. M. Donald and lady, N. J.; Mrs. Sims and son, Geo.; H. F. Jackson, Geo.; J. Hopkins, Va.; G. Edwards and lady, Ala.; O. Manples and lady, Md.; G. J. Summers, Md.; F. B. Conover, N. Y.; W. B. Conover, N. Y.; J. S. Shower, Va.; Gen. Geo. Rusk, Va.

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BROWNS' HOTEL-BROWN BROS BROWNS' HOTEL—Brown Bros.

T. Brown, D. C.; D. W. Kent, do.; A. Raper, N. C.; C. A. McEvoy, Va.; T. J. A. Dawin, Europe; G. T. Morehouse, N. Y.; T. D. Clearman, do.; J. C. Magee, do.; F. W. Jenkins, do.; A. Hines, Md.; A. Horning, Pa.; A. C. Cole, Md.; A. Moise, jr., D. C.; J. Parran and lady, Md.; J. B. Miller, do.; F. T. Edelin, do.; G. H. Carnard, do.; J. B. Amos, do.; R. N. Battie, do.; J. Brewer, do.; Gen. J. A. Listen and family, do.; Jas. Close, do.; W. B. Culbertson, Ohio; J. N. Stonestreef, Md.; J. P. Remington, N. Y.; J. R. Richardson, Md.; J. Y. Richardson, do.; L. Saleafinn, Va.; J. J. B. Ellwood, N. Y.; J. W. Russell, Mo.; L. P. Fink, Va.; J. G. Kenheimer, N. Y.; G. Comfort, Pa.; G. H. Cowen, Md.; M. Smakey and lady, N. Y.; G. Boreland, Ala.; R. Y. Jenkins, Mass.; J. H. Ragan, Ga.; Mrs. Washington and family, Ga.; F. Suit, Md.; J. S. Suit, do.; J. M. Champion, D. C. WILLARDS'—WILLARD BROTHERS.

WILLARDS'—WILLARD BROTHERS.

A. Sybrook, Va.; Rev. H. G. Fox, N. Y.; J. D. Sparkman, N. Y.; Ed. Huston, do.; Robt. Campbell, do.; Jamss, do.; G. W. C. Lee, do.; D. B. Kerslow, Pa.; D. D. Miller and lady, Va.; J. Walters, N. C.; Da. Langley and lady, Va.; C. C. Sampson, N. H.; E. Bunkley, Va.; J. A. Mosely, Md.; G. Dunkin and lady, S. C.; Jo. E. Robesson, Md.; E. J. Hyde and lady, Va.; A. McCochran, N. Y.; Major Delafield, U. S. A.; T. L. Bell, Va.; T. H. Dale, Md.; Robt. Miller, Md.; E. Cakell, N. Y.; T. Birchly, La.; C. F. Mayer, Md.; Jno. Wood and lady, Conn.; J. R. Poranden and lady, N. Y.; Thomas Lecor, do.; E. Foster, do.; L. A. Cooper, D. C.; J. Bowne, N. Y.; G. W. West, Md.; J. D. Woodford, N. Y.; Miss Mobbett, do.; Miss Rutherford, D. C.; Wm. Calvin, N. Y.; M. F. Tallman, D. C.; A. Parker and lady, Mo. KIRKWOODS'—KIRKWOOD BROTHERS. WILLARDS'-WILLARD BROTHERS.

KIRKWOODS'-KIRKWOOD BROTHERS. KIRKWOODS'—KIRKWOOD BROTHERS.

8. P. Snead, Ky.; Lieut, M. Rush, U. S. N.; W. H. Griffith, Baltimore; Mrs. Loughlan, Md.; J. Loskamp, N. Y.; J. Mershall, Md.; W. Knarmen, do.; A. F. Bowie, do.; M. S. Woodhouse, N. Y.; H. R. Trumson, Pa.; A. M. Dawson, do.; W. C. Jessup, D. C.; M. Mitchell, do.; Hon. A. S. Brown, Miss.; R. Morris, Md.; J. Hamlin, do.; J. L. Martin, Pa.; Mr. Jordan, Va.; T. W. Hudson, Mars.; Lieut, P. Drayton, U. S. N.; J. T. Wecks, Va.; Hon. Linn Boyd, lady, and servant, Ky.; P. Gorman, Md.; T. W. Tansill, Va.; J. D. Ball, Va.; W. Howe, Va.; Samuel Smith and daughter, Del.; R. Englebreck, N. Y.; C. Pontineaux, do.

First. We shall advocate a repeal of the laws of naturalization, or if that cannot be accomplished, then such a modification of thos laws, as will prevent future immigrants from becoming citizens, short of a residence of twenty-one years, after taking the oath of allegiance to the United States, and of abjuration of all other powers, potentates, and princes.

Second. We shall advocate the passage of a stringent law by Congress to prevent the immigration hither of foreigners, who are either paupers or criminals, and to send back to the ountries from which they come all, such foreigners of these classes as may, in violation of such law, hereafter reach our ports; and to require the President of the United States to demand from any government, which may end hither such classes of its subjects, immediate and ample satisfaction for such outrage, and a proper indemnity against the repetition thereof.

Third. We shall oppose the election or appointment of any foreign-born citizen to any office of trust, honor or emolument, under the Federal or State governments, or the employment or enlistment of such persons in the army or navy in time of war; maintaining, as we do the opinion, that the native-born citizens of the United States have the right to govern the land of their birth; and that all immigrants from abroad should be content with the enjoyment of life, liberty and property, under our institutions, without seeking to participate in the enaction, administration, or execution of

our laws.

Fourth. We shall advocate and urge the adoption of such an amended form of an oath to support the Constitution of the United States, and to be administered to all persons elected or appointed to any office of trust, bonor, or emolument, under the Federal or State governments, as will effectually exclude from such offices all persons, who shall not directly and explicitly recognise the obligations and binding force of the Constitution of the United States, as paramount to all obligations of adhesion or allegiance to any foreign prince, power, potentate, or authority whatever, under any and all circumstances.

Fifth. We shall maintain the doctrine that no one of the States of this Union has the right to admit to the enjoyment of free suffrage any person of foreign birth, who has not been first made a citizen of the United States, according to the "uniform rule" of naturalization prescribed by Congress, under the provisions of

Sixth. We shall oppose, now and hereafter, any "union of Church and State," no matter what class of religionists shall seek to bring about such union.

Seventh. We shall vigorously maintain the vested rights of all persons, of native or foreign birth, and shall at all times oppose the slightest interference with such vested rights.

Eighth. We shall oppose and protest against all abridgment of religious liberty, holding it as a cardinal maxim, that religious faith is a question between each individual and his God. and over which no political government, or other human power, can fightfully exercise any supervision or control, at any time, in any place,

or in any form.

Ninth. We shall oppose all "higher law" doctrines, by which the constitution is to be set at nought, violated, or disregarded, whether by politicians, by religionists, or by the adherents or followers of either, or by any other class of

minution as guaranteed thereby: opposing at all times, and to the extent of our ability and influence, all who may assail them, or either of them.

tain no man, on the ground of his opposition to, or his support of, Democratic men Whig measures; but we shall oppose those who oppose our doctrines, and sustain those who ustain our doctrines.

Twelfth. And lastly, we shall use our utmost exertions to build up an "American party," whose maxim shall be:

AMERICANS SHALL RULE TREIR COUNTRY! From the Home Journal.
SHADOWS. BY THE "LADY OF SHALOTT." "And, moving through a mirror clear, That hangs before her all the year, Shadows of the world appear."—[Tennyson.

That hangs before her all the year, Shadows of the world appear."—[Tennyson. COUSIN JOHN.

Cousin John is a model young man, that iv, he is so considered by himself and a few doting friends. It is certain, had he been reared in a sequestered parish of New England, his morals could not have been more unimpeachable, nor his conduct more exemplary. His height and figure are of a desirable medium. A glance at his regular, womanly features, suggests a lack of masculine strength of mind, but his expanded brow gently contradicts the thought. Any one would pronounce him handsome. He might pass unnoticed in the street, but in an assembly he would be marked at once. His demeanor is noticeable for its dignity, respect, and manly ease. His temper is kind and affectionate, and, if so ill a sprite as jealousy ever houses itself in his heart, it is known only to a chosen few. His intellect has not been so we'l exercised as his sensibilities, though his attainments are sufficient to do him credit in ordinary society. His tastes are refined, and so dexterously placed in the foreground of his character that the effect is attractive and pleasing. His fondness for poetry, painting, sculpture, and music, recommend him as a man of accomplishments, to a superficial eye, and give him an air of romance and finish that does not fail to make him a favorite with the fair. This is Cousin John on first acquaintance.

of romance and finish that does not fail to make him a favorite with the fair. This is Cousin John on first acquaintance.

Taste rosy fruit, and find only bitterness within; or watch a gracefully veiled Spanish figure, with an eye suggestive of beauty, locking out from the folds—see the veil guddenly removed, and a withered, repulsive countenance revealed, and the disappointment will not be greater than to study Cousin John unmasked. His affection is shallow, transient and exacting; his sensitiveness feverish. As to his tastes, they are but the vague cravings of sentimentalism—not the hunger of a noble soul after true beauty. He cultivates music that he may sing love-songs with good effect, and is as naturally eestatic at the sound of its sweet tones as a nervous lady is terrified at the sight of a spider. He studies poetry in order that he may repeat it to some fair auditor by moonlight, and patronises the other fine arts because they please a childish fancy. His reading is mostly confined to tete-a-tete evenings with an attractive friend, as it affords a good excuse for frequent visits, promotes a familiar sociability, and is also a capital covert from which to send forth winsome sentiments or glances, or in which to conceal himself in case the seriousness of his attentions is questioned.

Although Cousin John's exterior is so deceptive, he is not quite a conscious hypocrite. So far from that, he believes himself what he him a favorite with the fair. This is Cousin

Although Cousin John's exterior is so deceptive, he is not quite a conscious hypocrite. So far from that, he believes himself what he strives to seem—faultless. This excessive self-conceit renders him fastidious to the last degree. He is nice to a pin's-point in regard to the style and cut of his garments, although there is nothing of the flippancy of the fop in dress or manner to betray him. The easy non-chalance of both quite unprepares one for his niceties. If his morbid fastidiousness were directed to things rather than persons, he might be blameless and harmless.

Unfortunately, Cousin John has long been in search of a wife, whom he requires to be as perfect as he esteems himself. Whether he will ever find her, remains a problem. Every one who knows him, knows that he is pursuing that girlish phantom—a so-called "ideal;" and yet a host of pretty and loveable maidens have been foolish enough to believe each in her

yet a host of pretty i have been foolish enough to believe, each in her day, that she has fairly won Cousin John. To the first, he most assiduously pays his court, not, as most men, through hope and fear, and hastening to a decision; but, turning the scale, throws all the hope and fear on the other side. throws all the hope and fear on the other side. He plays the part of the brother; domineers in a playful way, as if affection gave him the right; gazes fixedly and smilingly into the cycs of the favorite with an apparent lock of devotion that goes straight to the young girl's heart. But, aiss for her peace! he sees her modest eyelids quiver and droop, and imagines that, because she cannot look steadily into the windows of his soul, she is not capable of returning an ardent love; and so he flits to another, leaving to the first a series of fraternal letters, and his precious daguerrectype. The next, though she knows well enough the disappointment of her friend, trusts, like a Bluebeard's bride, that she will be exempt from a similar fate, yet is soon humiliated, and weeps in secret, also. With a belle, he employs a sort of artifice exercised by a certain insect, which, pretending to be caught in a spider's web, buzzes and moans until the exultant spreader of the net approaches to make the victim carbon when the caretic services and make the victim carbon. wee, buzzes and means until the exultant spreader of the net approaches to make the victim sure, when the captive springs up and turns conqueror. On one such occasion I remonstrated with him.

"She is an admirable girl. Why should she not be Mrs. Cousin John?"

"Oh! her foot!" replied he, with a countenance of feminine distress.

ance of feminine distress.
"Her foot? What is the matter?" asked I, in surprise.
"It is too large! my wife must have a small

He deserted the belle for a quaker-looking brunette, with feet that,

"Like little mice, peeped in and out." "Like little mice, peeped in and out."

This brunette, Manon, was reserved, proudspirited, and apparently cold as a stone. Cousin John was instantly attracted by her unimpressibleness, and very soon I listened to his complaints that he could not win her. No Celtic lover could have been more devoted than he to Manon, yet no courtier could have more carefully guarded his language. On the other hand, no obstinate child was ever more resolute than Manon in her refusal to say the "I love you," which he tried to extort from her before first, in good faith, he had breathed the words to her. At last, though the words never passed her lips, her every look betrayed it.

"Now, then, Cousin John, Manon is charming. Surely, she is the chosen bride."

He was silent, and look distressed, as he always does when I broached this subject.

"She is too cold, too stubborn; there is no depth of feeling."

I had read the womanly, note and strong

depth of feeling."

I had read the womanly, pure and strong business, neatly and business, neatly and Tenth. We shall maintain and defend the soul of Manon, and expressed my belief constitution as it stands, the Union as it ex-